

IBS-D Case Study

# **MEET GREG**

29 years old Delivery driver



## **Clinical History**

- Greg has had recurrent diarrhea for several years—blamed on poor diet and lifestyle
- Initial management by PCP included low-FODMAP diet and antispasmodic therapy, which were later discontinued

## **Reasons for Visit**

- Greg reports ongoing diarrhea 2-3 times per week accompanied by abdominal pain
- He also experiences frequent bloating
- Uncover more: Greg reveals his symptoms can be bothersome throughout the day

FODMAP, fermentable oligosaccharides, disaccharides, monosaccharides, and polyols; IBS-D, irritable bowel syndrome with diarrhea; PCP, primary care physician.

## **INDICATION**

XIFAXAN® (rifaximin) 550 mg tablets are indicated for the treatment of irritable bowel syndrome with diarrhea (IBS-D) in adults.

## IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

 XIFAXAN is contraindicated in patients with a hypersensitivity to rifaximin, rifamycin antimicrobial agents, or any of the components in XIFAXAN. Hypersensitivity reactions have included exfoliative dermatitis, angioneurotic edema, and anaphylaxis

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout and <u>click here</u> for full Prescribing Information.



## Making a Positive Diagnosis<sup>1</sup>

- Rome IV criteria for IBS-D:
  - Recurrent abdominal pain at least 1 day/week for the last 3 months
  - Associated with 2 or more of the following criteria:
    - Related to defecation
    - Change in frequency of stool
    - Change in form (appearance) of stool
  - Abnormal bowel movements are usually diarrhea
- · Alarm features ruled out
- Minimal laboratory/diagnostic testing may be needed and can include<sup>1,2</sup>: CBC, CMP, CRP, TSH, tTG-IgA, fecal calprotectin
  - Colonoscopy recommended with presence of warning signs or if 45 years or older<sup>3</sup>

# **Diagnosis and Treatment Plan**

- Based on his clinical history and current symptoms, Greg received a diagnosis of IBS-D
- XIFAXAN 550 mg TID for 14 days was initiated for the treatment of IBS-D $^4$
- Greg can be retreated with XIFAXAN up to 2 times if IBS-D symptoms return<sup>4</sup>

CBC, complete blood count; CMP, comprehensive metabolic panel; CRP, C-reactive protein; TID, three times daily; TSH, thyroid-stimulating hormone; tTG-lgA, tissue transglutaminase immunoglobulin A.

#### **IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)**

- Clostridium difficile-associated diarrhea (CDAD) has been reported with use of nearly all antibacterial agents, including XIFAXAN, and may range in severity from mild diarrhea to fatal colitis. If CDAD is suspected or confirmed, ongoing antibiotic use not directed against *C. difficile* may need to be discontinued.
- There is an increased systemic exposure in patients with severe (Child-Pugh Class C) hepatic impairment. Caution should be exercised when administering XIFAXAN to these patients.
- Caution should be exercised when concomitant use of XIFAXAN and P-glycoprotein (P-gp) and/or OATPs inhibitors is needed. Concomitant administration of cyclosporine, an inhibitor of P-gp and OATPs, significantly increased the systemic exposure of rifaximin. In patients with hepatic impairment, a potential additive effect of reduced metabolism and concomitant P-gp inhibitors may further increase the systemic exposure to rifaximin.

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## **Accessing XIFAXAN**

- Greg's commercial insurance covered XIFAXAN
- A prior authorization (PA) to confirm indication of IBS-D in an adult patient was required and approved; to help facilitate approval, the following information was included in the PA submission:
  - Indication of IBS-D: ICD-10 code\* K58.05
  - Age: 18 years or older<sup>4</sup>
  - Approved dosing for IBS-D: #42 XIFAXAN 550-mg tablets, 3 times a day by mouth for 2 weeks<sup>4</sup>
  - Previous therapies tried and failed (eg, antidiarrheals, antispasmodics, loperamide, SSRIs, TCAs, and other OTC medications)
- Greg was eligible<sup>†</sup> to use the copay card when picking up his XIFAXAN prescription



\*The ICD-10 code and all other patient-access-related information are provided for informational purposes only. It is the treating physician's responsibility to determine the proper diagnosis, treatment, and applicable ICD-10 code. Salix Pharmaceuticals does not guarantee coverage or reimbursement for the product.



†Maximum benefits and other restrictions apply. Visit xifaxan.copaysavingsprogram.com for full eligibility criteria, terms, and conditions.

OTC, over-the-counter; SSRI, selective serotonin reuptake inhibitor; TCA, tricyclic antidepressant.

#### IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

- In clinical studies, the most common adverse reactions for XIFAXAN in IBS-D (≥2%) were nausea (3%) and ALT increased (2%).
- INR changes have been reported in patients receiving rifaximin and warfarin concomitantly. Monitor INR and prothrombin time. Dose adjustment of warfarin may be required.
- XIFAXAN may cause fetal harm. Advise pregnant women of the potential risk to a fetus.

To report SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS, contact Salix Pharmaceuticals at 1-800-321-4576 or FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088 or www.fda.gov/medwatch.

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- ✓ In a US clinical trial, the majority of patients with IBS-D had an abnormal composition of bacteria in the gut<sup>7,†</sup>
  - Bacterial imbalance has been linked to multiple IBS-D symptoms<sup>8-10</sup>
- ✓ XIFAXAN is believed to affect an underlying factor of IBS-D by directly attacking bacteria in the gut that may be linked to IBS-D symptoms<sup>4,7,10-14</sup>
  - Blocks one of the steps in transcription of bacterial DNA to RNA
  - Inhibits protein synthesis
  - · Inhibits bacterial growth

#### The mechanism of action of XIFAXAN is unknown and does not imply clinical efficacy.

- \*Based on aggregated total of all prescribers as of June 2023.
- <sup>†</sup>Data from 93 patients with IBS-D in a prospective TARGET 3 substudy that used lactulose breath testing to predict response to XIFAXAN.
- **ॲ** XIFAXAN is a 2-week treatment⁴
  - One 550-mg tablet 3 times daily for 14 days
  - Patients who experience recurrence can be retreated up to 2 times

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Visit XIFAXAN.com/hcp/ibsd to get your adult patients with IBS-D started on XIFAXAN.

References: 1. Lacy BE et al. Gastroenterology. 2016;150(6):1393-1407. 2. Dunlap JJ, Patterson S. Gastroenterol Nurs. 2020;43(3):267-270.
3. Lacy BE et al. Am J Gastroenterol. 2021;16(1):17-44. 4. XIRANA. Prescribing information. Salix Pharmaceuticals; 2023. Accessed November 15, 2023. https://shared.salix.com/globalassets/pi/xifaxan550-pi.pdf 5. Centers for Medicaire & Medicaid Services. 2024 ICD-10-CM tabular list of diseases and injuries. Accessed October 3, 2023. https://www.cms.gov/medicare/coding-billing/icd-10-codes/2024-icd-10-cm 6. Data on file: LAAD June 2023. Salix Pharmaceuticals, Bridgewater, N. J. Fazzie A et al. Am J Gastroenterol. 2019;14(12):1886-1893. 8. Pimentel M et al. N Engl J Med. 2011;364(1):22-32. 9. Sundin J et al. Sci Rep. 2020;10(1):593. 10. Zhong W et al. J Clin Gastroenterol. 2019;35(3):593-594. 2019;10(1):22-33. 13. Solid S et al. Clin Exp Gastroenterol. 2015;8:309-325. 14. Zeber Lubecka N et al. Gut Microbes. 2016;7(5):397-413.

